Obstacles to Unification

•Like Italy, one of the most serious obstacles to German unification was the fact that foreign nations controlled Germanic states. The most serious threat was Austria.

•Many German states were independent and were reluctant to relinquish that to a Prussian state that seemed very authoritarian (obedient to authority, against individual freedom).

1864: The Danish War

- •Denmark controlled the northern provinces of Schleswig & Holstein.
- •Bismarck teamed up with
 Austria (even though Austria
 was secretly his enemy...),

defeated Denmark, and took Schleswig as a prize. (Holstein went to Austria.)

1866: The Austro-Prussian War

- Bismarck had to get rid of Austrian influence in Germany. He allied himself with Cavour in Italy and provoked Austria into war.
- Prussia was MUCH more industrialized than Austria, and the war was over in only 7 weeks. Prussia won. Austria gave up Holstein and was out of German affairs.
 Northern Germany was unified. (At this time, Italy qot Venetia...)

Results?

•The balance of power in Europe was upset. Germany emerged as a major power with the leading military in Europe (if not the world).

Prussian Leadership

- •Prussia was the largest German state, ruled by King Wilhelm I and the Prime Minister Otto von Bismarck.
- •It was very authoritarian and militaristic.
- Bismarck wanted to use "Blood and Iron"
- Prussian *military* and *industrial* strength to unify *Germany*.

•In 1815, there were 39 different Germanic states. In the revolutions of 1848, there were attempts to unify Germany, but they were unsuccessful – Germany wasn't ready. Bismarck was convinced that his policy of Blood & Iron would force the states to pull together to defeat enemies in war.

1870: Franco-Prussian War (France vs. Prussia)

In order to defeat France, Bismarck knew that all German states would have to unite. (France had the most powerful military in Europe...)

- •He provoked France in to declaring war.
- •All German states unified in their effort to defeat France They were successful.
- •Germany got Alsace & Lorraine (Two important iron producing regions) from France
- •Germany was unified, it was 1871. (Italy unified as a result of this war also.)

Results?

- •France was humiliated by Germany and became bitter and vengeful.
- •Germany was an aggressive & militaristic nation . . . The wars won't stop here . . .